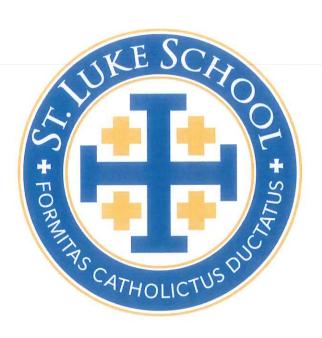
St. Luke Preschool Program Disaster Policy





DISASTER PLAN

for

St Luke Preschool & Extended Day Program

(Program)

OUR PROGRAM'S ADDRESS IS: 17533 St. Luke PL N

Shoreline, WA 98133

OUR NEAREST CROSS-STREETS ARE: N 175th St. & Dayton Ave

OUR PROGRAM'S PHONE NUMBER IS: 206-542-1133

OUR OUT-OF-AREA CONTACT IS: Archdiocese of Portland in Oregon

PHONE NUMBER:

503-234-5334

This plan was prepared by the Child Care Health Program of Public Health - Seattle & King County with a great deal of input from Seattle Emergency Management. It is individualized by each program. For an electronic copy of the plan and other supporting documents, go to: <a href="http://kingcounty.gov/healthservices/health/child/

EMERGENCY INFORMATION

0	Police	9-1-1
•	Fire/Medics	9-1-1
•	Poison Control Center	1-800-222-1222
•	Child Protective Services	1-800-562-5624
	SWEDISH (Edmonds) Hospital Emergency Room	425-640-4000
•	Electric/Gas Company: City Light	206-684-3000
	 Puget Sound Energy 	888-225-5773
•	Water/Sewer Provider: City of Seattle (water)	206-684-5800
	o Ronald Sewer	206-546-2494
0	Property Manager N/A	
0	Insurance Agency: Catholic Mutual	206-382-3494
	Auto Policy Number N/AFacility Policy Number: 8558	

- Radio Station with Emergency Broadcasting
 - o KOMO
 - o KING
 - o KIRO

- Program Cell Phone
- Child Care Licensor Carol A. Artz, 425-677-0409
- Public Health Nurse Peggy King, 206-545-1397
- Center's Planned Evacuation Sites
 - o Off-site
 - 1. St. Luke Gym/Church
 - 2. Local Fire Station on Richmond Beach Road
 - o On-site
 - 1. In school building
- Center's Out-of-Area Contact
 - o Archdiocese of Portland in Oregon 503-234-5334

We have developed this emergency/disaster plan to provide safe care for our children should an emergency or disaster occur during the program day. A copy of this plan is always available for review. It is located on the shelf next to the sign in/sign out binder.

Staff is introduced to this plan during orientation. Additionally, we review the plan with staff during trimester meetings.

Fire extinguishers are located: Next to exit door.

All staff are trained in the use of fire extinguishers at orientation and explained again during quarterly meetings by St. Luke Maintenance Manager.

Gas shut-off (if applicable) is located: N/A

Electrical panel is located: 4yr old classroom end wall

Water shut-off is located: School Kitchen.

The following staff members are trained in utility control (how to turn off electric and water):

Amy Yarno

Cindy Lutovsky

Baionne Coleman

Natasha Mathias

Parents/Guardians are oriented to this plan during completion of registration forms. A parent/guardian from each family is asked to sign that they have reviewed the plan in the Parent Handbook.

We ask staff to develop their own disaster plan for home. We encourage families to do the same. Having a plan helps you be in control and decreases anxiety when a disaster occurs. Resources for developing a plan include:

American Red Cross: http://www.redcross.org

Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA): http://www.fema.gov

Seattle Emergency Management: http://www.seattle.gov/emergency/

Public Health - Seattle & King County:

http://kingcounty.gov/healthservices/health/preparedness/disaster.aspx

HAZARD MITIGATION

Assuring a safe environment is an important step in disaster planning. Hazard mitigation is key to preventing injuries both every day and during a disaster; it is done throughout the facility.

Hazard mitigation priorities:

- 1. Would/could it break and fall and hurt someone?
- 2. Would/could it break and fall and block a primary exit from the room?
- 3. Would/could it break and fall and keep your program from opening the next day (or soon thereafter)?
- 4. Would/could it break and fall and break your heart?

Please note: Earthquakes can move (throw, topple, or cause to jump) very heavy objects.

Knowing that our environment is ever changing, we regularly re-assess for hazards and correct them as soon as possible. Staff members continuously review their areas to assure the environment is safe. In addition, to assure each area is viewed objectively, we ask staff to look for hazards in program areas in which they usually do not work.

The charts on the following pages track the work done to reduce any hazards in our facility. (Copy and complete one for all rooms, including classrooms, offices, hallways, storage rooms, and kitchen.)

We formally review our environment for hazards every trimester.

Safety Action Taken				Date and	Comments	
Tall or heavy fu	rniture is secured	to a wall stud				
Heavy objects a	re placed low or	properly secured				
	equate lips or str g off in an eartho		t			
Overhead cupboards have safety latches						
Chemicals and poisons are stored safely (including: out of reach of children, in closed cabinets, no bleach and ammonia together)						
Windows are of safety glass or are adapted to prevent shattering and injury						
Evacuation/exit routes are free from hazards such as equipment, furniture, and other large objects						
All exits are unlocked or can be unlocked or locked from the inside without a key						
Ongoing room	review:					
Date & Initials:						_
Action Taken:						
					T	
Date & Initials:						
Action Taken:						

Hazard Mitigation for: ______ (room, area)

Safety Action Taken				Date and	Comments	
Tall or heavy furn	niture is secured	to a wall stud				
Heavy objects are	e placed low or p	properly secured				
Shelves have ade items from flying			t			
Overhead cupboards have safety latches						
Chemicals and poisons are stored safely (out of reach of children, in closed cabinets, no bleach and ammonia together)						
Windows are of safety glass or are adapted to prevent shattering and injury						
Evacuation/exit routes are free from hazards such as equipment, furniture, and other large objects						
All exits are unlocked or can be unlocked or locked from the inside without a key						
Ongoing room	review:					
Date & Initials:						
Action Taken:						
				-		
Date & Initials:						
Action Taken:	-					

Hazard Mitigation for: ______ (room, area)

EMERGENCY/DISASTER SUPPLIES

Grab and Go Bag



3-Day Supplies



GRAB & GO BAG for

Child Care and other Early Learning Programs



Be sure this is located somewhere you can grab it on the way out the door – every time your class leaves the classroom!

Backpack, labeled for easy identification, containing:
Emergency forms for students and staff
"Rescue" medications with authorization forms
First Aid Kit
Flashlight & Batteries
Age-appropriate time passers (books, crayons, paper, etc)

What is a "Grab & Go" bag?

A Grab & Go bag contains essential items for an emergency. It includes things that you may need in the first hour or so following an emergency/disaster. A Grab & Go bag contains only a small portion of your disaster supplies, but is a key part of your preparedness and response. A Grab & Go bag should be easy to transport. A backpack (daypack) usually makes the best carrier.

What should our Grab & Go bag contain?

A Grab & Go bag should include current emergency contact information, a first aid kit, any "rescue"* medications with paperwork, and a flashlight. Tarps and/or blankets are also helpful for all ages. Include other items appropriate to the age(s) of children served. (Just make sure that you can easily carry your Grab & Go bag!)

Should the Grab & Go bag have enough formula and diapers for all infants?

No. Remember that this bag is designed to meet immediate needs for a limited time. Make sure that you have additional supplies in your 3-day disaster supply kit.

How many Grab & Go bags do we need?

A Grab & Go bag should be assembled for each class in your program or for each childcare area of your home.

Where should we keep our Grab & Go bags?

Your Grab & Go bag should accompany your class everywhere. In the classroom, the best place to keep it is on a hook by the door that you usually use to exit (and that you are most likely to evacuate through). When you leave the classroom, always take it along. Your Grab & Go bag should be with you on the playground, field trips, fire drills, or any other planned or unplanned classroom departure. Some programs have installed hooks on their playgrounds to hang their Grab & Go bags when they are outside. The Grab & Go bag should be out of children's reach at all times. (Again, don't make it too heavy – no one should be tempted to set it on the ground where it would be easily accessible to children.)

We'll have to update our Grab & Go bag from time to time, won't we?

Absolutely. Make sure you have a system in place for keeping emergency contact information current. Check expiration dates of food, water, batteries, and any medication, and replenish those items regularly. Keep first aid supplies fully stocked.

*Rescue medications include EpiPens®, asthma inhalers, or any other medications that a specific child may need to keep him/her alive.



3-Day Supplies

SURVIVAL

	Water		Shelter
	 3 gallons of water per adult (1 gallon/adult x 3 days) 1.5 gallons of water per child (1/2 gallon/child x 3 days) any tools needed to open water containers cups to dispense water 		 12' X 16' tarps flashlight w/ extra sets of batteries per staff person blankets rolls toilet paper plastic garbage bags rolls paper towels
Stored:		Stored:	
Stored:	Food Emergency Food: ✓ Is easy to serve ✓ Does not require cooling or heating ✓ Has a long shelf life ✓ Is stored protected from heat, cold, and pests We include food for those with food allergies or on special diets.		Special Equipment/Other Medical supplies for children with special health care needs:



LIFE SAFETY & FIRST AID

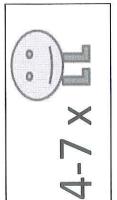
Life Safety	First Aid
walkie talkies	masking tape
whistles	permanent marking pens
tools	first aid reference book
Other:	assorted adhesive bandages
Other:	compresses
Other:	oroll gauze bandages
	triangular bandages
* For search and rescue training, contact your local emergency management agency.	sm, med, and large cardboard splints
Stored:	steri-strips or butterfly bandages
	scissor
	tweezers
	non-porous medical gloves
	cloth tape
	thermometer
	3-day supply of critical medications, with authorization forms
	Stored:



ADMINISTRATIVE

	Administrative Supp	lies (Grab and Go bag	g will be with administration	1)
	master keys to facility office supplies	and supply container(s)	
	pens			
	paper			
	☐ tape			
	paper clips			
	clipboards			
	signs for "Student Rel			
	(2) sets staff and stude			
Townson, or other party of the	Emergency Contact for			
	copies of all necessary			
	Incident Report L	og		
	First Aid Log	1.0		
	Notice of First Ai			
	☐ Student Release I ☐ Student/Staff Acc	-		
	Student/Staff Acc	ounting Log		
200	520°			
Stor	ed:			
	Our supply inventory is	complete; we have o	btained all needed supplies	. (On-site supplies are
п	indicated by a check in	the boxes above.) We	e have a plan for rotating p applies we have on site are	erishable items.
	we are continuing to ga have a plan for rotating	mer supplies. The su perishable items. Ou	r plan for obtaining addition	onal supplies is as
	follows: (We will have	parents help us gather	r our 3-day supply yearly)	
				I
	Supplies needed	Plan to obtain	Date to be completed	Person Responsible

The next couple of pages hve been intentionly left blank. Page 15 shows a diagram of how we will respond to an emergency. Names of who is in charge of each area will be written on the form in the policies binder in the classroom for your review.



person provides Life Safety; 2 people are responsible For 4 people: 1 person is the Incident Commander; 1 Life Safety; 3 people are responsible for Child Care For 6 people: 1 person is the IC; 2 people perform For 7 people: Add 1 person to Child Care For 5 people: Add 1 person to Child Care for Child Care Incident Commander

Supplies & Equipment Staffing

Incident Command

Communications

Documentation

Organizational Chart - 4-7 People

黄黄 Child C&R Child Care Child Release Site/Facility Check & Security Life Safety Search and Rescue First Aid

**Lead person for section – reports to Chief of section (if one is designated) or Incident Commander * Assigned person

EDUCATION

All adults should be reminded that children take their emotional cues from adults. In general, calm (at least on the outside) adults = calm children.

Staff are educa	ated about:
 Progra 	m's emergency/disaster plan
 Person 	al role in plan & responsibilities before, during, & after disaster
	ctions to take in event of a fire or earthquake
• Reduc	ing hazards in environment
	olling utilities
•	
•	
We ed	ucate staff in the Fall when school begins and review at the trimester breaks.
Children are e	educated about:
 Safe a 	ctions to take in event of a fire or earthquake (if age-appropriate)
 Lockd 	own
•	
We ed	ucate children on fire monthly and earthquake and lockdown every trimester.
Parents/guard	ians are educated about:
~	rogram's plan, including
1	care provided to children in all circumstances communication in case of a disaster procedures for releasing children
•	
•	
We ed	lucate parents/guardians during orientation and information is on their classroom

website and in their classroom in the policy binder.

DRILLS

Drills provide people with the skills and confidence necessary to respond in an actual disaster situation.

We practice 3 critical drills regularly to assure our staff and students are prepared to respond to emergencies:

- o Fire (Evacuation drill)...is practiced monthly, as required by WAC
- o Earthquake (Drop, Cover & Hold)...is practiced every trimester.
- o Lockdown (Secure building, stay together)... is practiced every trimester.

Lockdown is most often completed with just staff. If children are included, we use these words, "Let's practice being together and staying safe.").

All of our drills are done with the intent to learn something more. We are thoughtful of what we want to accomplish and plan accordingly. Each time a drill is completed, we utilize the attached "Drill Record Form" to keep a history of what's been practiced, evaluate how it went, and plan for any needed changes.

Following the drill record form, we have included 2 sample earthquake drills and 2 sample lockdown drills - a year's worth of disaster drills

In addition, we practice other parts of our plan at various times of the year to assure we are ready. *Typical practice could include:*

- Distributing water
- Setting up shelters
- Reuniting children and their families
- Getting an "emergency" message to families, etc.



Child Care/Early Learning Disaster Drill Record

Date of Drill	lime of Drill	Name of Program	
Brief Description of Drill			
Rooms Participating in Drill			
Objectives	Evaluation	Changes to be Made	When Changes are Made
Name of Person Organizing Drill			



Child Care/Early Learning Disaster Drill Record

Name of Program		
Time of Drill	ses in classrooms	
Oate of Drill	Srief Description of Drill Earthquake drill #1: All classes	Rooms Participating in Drill

Objec	Objectives	Evaluation	Changes to be Made	When Changes Made
	1. Everyone will take a quake-	1. Everyone took a quake-		
ત્રં	Sale action Everyone will evacuate the	seconds of the drill		
	building safely when the	announcement (Y/N)		
	shaking stops	2. Everyone able to evacuate		
က်	3. Everyone will be accounted	safely (Y/N)		
	for at outside meeting	3. Everyone accounted for		
	location	(N/X)		
4.	4. Problems w/ earthquake	4. Lessons learned:		
	plan will be detected			

Child Care/Early Learning Disaster Drill Record

Program
Name of
Time of Drill
Date of Drill



$\frac{\mathrm{Brief\,Description\,\,of\,Drill}}{\mathrm{Earthquake\,\,drill\,\,\#2\colon\,Classes\,\,on\,\,playground\,\,(or\,\,in\,\,other\,\,non\text{-}classroom\,\,areas)}}$

Rooms Participating in Drill

Objectives	Evaluation	Changes to be Made	When Changes Made
 Everyone will take a quake- safe action 	1. Everyone demonstrated how to be safe in that situation (wherever they		
Everyone will be accounted for at outside meeting location	were) (Y/N) 2. Everyone accounted for (Y/N)		
Problems with earthquake plan will be detected	3. Lessons learned:		



Child Care/Early Learning Disaster Drill Record

ogram	utside
Name of Program	lly dangerous person o
Time of Drill	sses in classrooms and potentially dangerous person outside
oate of Drill	srief Description of Drill ockdown drill #1: All class

Rooms Participating in Drill

Objectives	tives	Evaluation	Changes to be Made	M	When Changes
כ			¥.	M	Made
, i	1. Director will effectively alert	1. All staff aware of lockdown			
	all to lockdown	quickly (Y/N)			
ri N	2. All children will be gathered				
	in (a) safe location(s)	2. Everyone gathered quickly			
w.	Staff will lock all doors	in (a) safe location(s) (Y/N)			
4	Staff will close window	3. Doors locked (Y/N)			
	coverings				
Ŋ.	5. call will be made to 911	4. Windows covered (Y/N)			
	(PRETEND)				
9.	Staff will join children in	5. The appropriate person			
	safe place and remain there	made the pretend call to			
	until situation resolved (drill	911 (Y/N)			
	over)	6. Successful "being			
		together" time (Y/N)			



Child Care/Early Learning Disaster Drill Record

Name of Program	
Time of Drill	
hate of Drill	

 $\overline{\mathrm{Brief\,Description\,\,of\,Drill}}$ Lockdown drill #2: All classes in classrooms and potentially dangerous person inside front door

Rooms Participating in Drill

Objectives	tives	Evaluation	Changes to be Made	When Changes
				Made
÷	1. Director will effectively alert all to	1. All staff aware of lockdown		
	lockdown	quickly (Y/N)		
6	2. All children will be gathered in	2. Everyone gathered quickly		
	classrooms or other safe	in (a) safe location(s) (Y/N)		
	location(s)	3. Doors locked (Y/N)		
3.	3. Staff will lock all			
	classroom/interior doors	4. Windows covered (Y/N)		
4.	4. Staff will close window coverings			
5	Call will be made to 911	5. Call to 911 simulated (Y/N)		
	(PRETEND)	6. Successful "being together"		
6.	Staff will join children in safe	time (Y/N)		
	place and remain there until			
	situation resolved (drill over)			

RESPONSE

It is helpful to know what disasters are most likely to happen in your area. The following pages provide a response guide to the particular situations listed below (in alphabetical order). This guide is a reference for responding to an incident. Situations and sites differ – use your best judgment.

BOMB THREAT (p. 26)

CHEMICAL OR RADIATION EXPOSURE (p. 26)

DANGEROUS PERSON (p. 27)

EARTHQUAKE (p. 27)

EVACUATION (p. 28)

FIRE (p. 29)

FLOOD (p. 29)

HEATWAVE (p. 30)

LANDSLIDE OR MUDFLOW (p. 30)

LIGHTNING (p. 31)

LOCKDOWN (p. 31)

MISSING OR KIDNAPPED CHILD (p. 32)

PANDEMIC FLU/CONTAGIOUS DISEASE (p. 33)

POWER OUTAGE (p. 33)

SEVERE STORM (p. 34)

SHELTER-IN-PLACE (p. 34)

TSUNAMI (p. 34)

VOLCANO (p. 35)

WINDSTORM (p. 35)

BOMB THREAT

- Signal to another staff member to call 911, if able. (Write "BOMB threat" on piece of paper, along with phone number on which call was received.)
- Before you hang up, get as much information from caller as possible.

Ask caller:

- ✓ Where is the bomb?
- √ When is it going to explode?
- ✓ What will cause the bomb to explode?
- ✓ What does the bomb look like?
- √ What kind of bomb is it?
- √ Why did you place the bomb?

Note the following:

- ✓ Exact time of call
- √ Exact words of caller
- √ Caller's voice characteristics (tone, male/female, young/old, etc.)
- ✓ Background noise
- ◆ Do not touch any suspicious packages or objects.
- Avoid running or anything that would cause vibrations in building.
- Avoid use of cell phones and 2-way radios.
- Confer with police regarding evacuation. If evacuation is required, follow EVACUATION procedures.

CHEMICAL OR RADIATION EXPOSURE

- If emergency is widespread, monitor local radio for information and emergency instructions.
- ◆ Prepare to SHELTER-IN-PLACE or EVACUATE, as per instructions.
- ◀ If inside, stay inside (unless directed otherwise).
- ◀ If exposed to chemical or radiation outside:
 - Remove outer clothing, place in a plastic bag, and seal. (Be sure to tell emergency responders about bag so it can be removed.)
 - √ Take shelter indoors.
 - If running water/shower is available, wash in cool to warm water with plenty of soap and water. Flush eyes with plenty of water.





DANGEROUS PERSON



If a person at or near your program site is making children or staff uncomfortable, monitor the situation carefully, communicate with other staff, and be ready to put your plan into action.

- Immediately let staff know of dangerous or potentially dangerous person.
- ◀ Initiate LOCKDOWN.
- ← Call 911 from a safe place.

If the person is in building:

Try to isolate the person from children and staff.

- Do not try to physically restrain or block the person.
- ◀ Remain calm and polite; avoid direct confrontation.

If children are outside: 4 and dangerous person is outside: Quickly gather children

and return to classrooms and initiate lockdown procedures. If this is not possible, evacuate to

designated evacuation site.

 and <u>dangerous person</u> is in the building: Quickly gather children and evacuate to designated evacuation site.

If children are inside:

• Keep children in classrooms and initiate LOCKDOWN

EARTHQUAKE

Indoors:

Quickly move away from windows, unsecured tall furniture, and heavy appliances.

■ Everyone DROP, COVER, & HOLD.

DROP to floor

COVER head and neck with arms and take cover under heavy furniture or against internal wall

HOLD ON to furniture if under it and hold position until shaking stops

- Keep talking to children in calm manner until safe to move.
- Do not attempt to run or attempt to leave building while earth is shaking.

Outside:

- Move to clear area, as far as possible from glass, brick, and power lines.
- ◆ DROP & COVER.

After earthquake:

- Check for injuries and administer first aid as necessary. Call 911 for lifethreatening emergency.
- ∢ Expect aftershocks.
- Determine if evacuation is necessary and if outside areas are safe. If so, evacuate building calmly and quickly.
- Escort children to designated meeting spot outside and account for all children, staff, and visitors.
- ♦ Shut off main gas valve if you smell gas or hear hissing sound.
- Monitor radio for information and emergency instructions.
- Stay off all phones (for 3-5 hours) unless you have a life-threatening emergency.
- Call out-of-area contact when possible to report status and inform of immediate plan.
- ◀ Remain outside of building until it has been inspected for re-entry.

EVACUATION

On site:

- ◀ Escort children to designated meeting spot, taking:
 - √ Attendance sheets
 - ✓ Emergency contact information*
 - √ First aid kit*
 - Critical and rescue medications (including EpiPens and asthma inhalers) and necessary paperwork*
 - ✓ Cell phone
 - ✓ Food, water, and diapers*.
- If safe to do so, search all areas, (bathrooms, closets, play structures, etc.), to ensure that all have left the building.
- Account for all children, staff, and visitors.

Our pre-planned, on-site evacuation place is: **

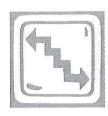
Off site:

- ◀ Escort children to designated meeting spot.
- Search all areas, including bathrooms, closets, playground structures, etc., to ensure that all have left the building.
- Leave note at program site indicating where you are going.
- Evacuate to safe location, taking:
 - √ Attendance sheets
 - ✓ Emergency contact information*
 - √ First aid kit*
 - Critical and rescue* medications (including EpiPens and asthma inhalers) and necessary paperwork
 - ✓ Cell phone
 - √ Food, water, and diapers*
 - ✓ Battery-operated radio.
- Once out of danger, contact parents/guardians or emergency contacts. If unable to get through, phone out-of-area emergency contact or 911 to let them know of your location.

Our pre-planned, off-site evacuation places are: **

*Include in "grab and go" backpack next to exit door for quick and easy access.

**Circumstances of any given disaster may necessitate changing evacuation site. The Incident Commander (or Director) is responsible for identifying an alternate location, if needed. Post evacuation location on main door to program or previously designated place.



FIRE

- Activate fire alarm or otherwise alert staff that there is a fire (yell, whistle).
- - ◀ If caught in smoke, have everyone drop to hands and knees and crawl to exit.
 - Pull clothing over nose and mouth to use as a filter for breathing.
 - ◀ If clothes catch fire, STOP, DROP, & ROLL until fire is out.
 - ◀ Take attendance sheets and emergency forms, if immediately available.
 - Have staff person check areas where children may be located or hiding before leaving building.
- Gather in meeting spot outside and account for all children, staff, and visitors.
- ← Call 911 from outside of building.
- ◆ Do not re-enter building until cleared by fire department.

Have a fire plan and make sure everyone is familiar with it.

Practice fire drills every month!

FLOOD

Be aware of any FLOOD WATCH: flooding may occur in your area.

FLOOD WARNING: flooding will occur or is occurring in your area.



If flooding is in area:

- ◆ Determine if program should be closed.
- Notify parents/guardians to pick up or not drop off children if program is to be closed.
- Monitor radio for storm updates and any emergency instructions.

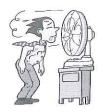
If site is in (imminent) danger of being flooded:

- Escort children to designated meeting spot.
- Search all areas, including bathrooms, closets, playground structures, etc., to ensure that all have left the building.
- ◆ Account for all children, staff, and visitors.
- Leave note at program site indicating where you are going.
- EVACUATE to safe location on higher ground, taking:
 - √ Attendance sheets
 - ✓ Emergency contact information
 - √ First aid kit
 - ✓ Critical & rescue medications (including asthma meds, EpiPens) and forms
 - ✓ Cell phone
 - √ Food, water, and diapers
 - ✓ Battery-operated radio.
- Do not try to walk or drive through flooded areas.
- Stay away from moving water and downed power lines.
- ◆ Once out of danger, contact parents/guardians or emergency contacts. If unable to get through, phone out-of-area emergency contact or 911 to let them know of your location.
- ◀ If you have come into contact with floodwaters, wash hands well with soap and water.
- Throw away food that has come into contact with floodwaters.

Consult with local health department regarding cleanup measures.



HEAT WAVE



- ← Limit outdoor play when heat index is at or above 90°F.
- ◀ Ensure everyone drinks plenty of water.
- Remove excess layers of clothing. (Encourage parents/guardians to dress children in lightweight, light-colored clothing.)
- Be alert for signs of

Heat Exhaustion:

cool, moist, pale, or flushed skin

heavy sweating

headache

nausea

dizziness

exhaustion

normal or below normal body

temperature

Administer first aid – take steps to cool person down – and call for

help, if necessary.

Heat Stroke:

very high body temperature (>102°F

axillary)

hot, red skin either dry or moist from

exercise

changes in consciousness

weak rapid pulse

rapid, shallow breathing

vomiting

Call 911 immediately and take steps

to cool person down.

Please note:

Children may not adapt to extremes of temperature as effectively as adults because they produce more heat (relatively) than adults when exercising and have a lower sweating capacity.

LANDSLIDE OR MUDFLOW



LANDSLIDES are generally associated with heavy rainfall and rapid snowmelt.

MUDFLOWS are fast-moving landslides that usually begin on steep hillsides.

(Volcanic eruption may also cause mudflows.)

- Recognize signs of slides:
 - unusual sounds outside, such as rumbling, trees cracking, or rocks colliding
 - new cracks appearing in building
 - fences, poles, trees tilting or moving
- ◀ EVACUATE, if possible.
- ◀ If too late to evacuate:

Indoors: ◀ Take cover under sturdy furniture.

Outside: 4 Get out of path of slide.

- Run to high ground (up hill), away from slide.
- If debris approaching, run for cover of trees or building.
- ◀ If escape not possible, curl into ball and protect head.
- Check for injured or trapped persons near slide area, but stay clear of danger and await rescue personnel.
- ◆ Stay away from slide area additional slides may follow.
- Be alert for flooding, which may follow slide.

LIGHTNING

- - much as possible. (Wires and metal pipes can conduct electricity.)
 - Move away from windows. Cover windows with shades or blinds, if available.
- ◆ Outside: ◆ Seek shelter inside an enclosed building.

LOCKDOWN

- Lock outside doors and windows.
- ◆ Close and secure interior doors.
- Close any curtains or blinds.
- ◀ Turn off lights.
- ◀ Keep everyone away from doors and windows. Stay out of sight, preferably sitting on floor.
- Bring attendance sheets, first aid kits, pacifiers and other comforting items, and books to lockdown area, if possible.
- Maintain calm atmosphere in room by reading or talking quietly to children.
- ◀ If phone is available in classroom, call 911 to ensure emergency personnel have been notified.
- Notify parents/guardians about any lockdown, whether practice or real.



MISSING OR KIDNAPPED CHILD

MISSING CHILD



- ← Contact parent(s)/guardian(s) to determine if child is with family.
- Call 911 with:
 - ✓ Child's name and age
 - ✓ Address of program
 - ✓ Physical description of child
 - ✓ Description of child's clothing
 - ✓ Medical condition of child, if appropriate
 - √ Time and location child was last seen
 - ✓ Person with whom child was last seen.
- Have child's information, including photo, available for police when they arrive.
- Continue to search in and around site for child.

KIDNAPPED CHILD Call 911 with:

- ✓ Child's name and age
- ✓ Address of program
- ✓ Physical description of child
- ✓ Description of child's clothing
- ✓ Medical condition of child, if appropriate
- ✓ Time and location child was last seen.
- ✓ Person with whom child was last seen.
- ◀ Have child's information, including photo, available for police when they arrive. Parent(s)/guardian(s) should be contacted by police to explain situation.

Help to prevent kidnapping:

- Do not release child to anyone other than parent, guardian, or designated emergency contact.
- Call 911 if adults or children express concern about a person at or near program site.
- ◀ Encourage parents and guardians to make you aware of any custody disputes, which may put child at risk for kidnapping.

PANDEMIC FLU/CONTAGIOUS DISEASE

- Wash hands well and often.
- Remind parents and guardians that emergency contact information must be current and complete.
- ◀ Enforce illness exclusion policies for children and staff insist that sick children and staff stay home or go home.
- ◀ Have and follow a plan to keep ill children away from well children while they are waiting to go home.
- ◀ Keep an illness log of sick children and staff those sent home and those kept at home.
- ◆ Close rooms as necessary due to staff illness (to maintain safe ratios).
- Reinforce teaching about good respiratory etiquette:
 - Use a tissue (or a sleeve, in a pinch) to catch a sneeze or cough.
 - Throw used tissues in a hands-free trash can.
 - Wash your hands after using a tissue or helping a sick child.
- Monitor local and state Public Health websites and other news media for current pandemic flu status information, recommendations, and instructions.



Wash hands well and often

POWER OUTAGE

- ◆ Determine why power is out.
 - ◀ If electrical problems are in building: Take out flashlights and prepare to EVACUATE.
 - ◀ If severe weather caused outage:
 - ◀ Take out flashlights. (Do not use candles or any alternate lighting source with a flame.)

 - Report power outage to power company on hard-wired phone.
 - ◆ Do not call 911, except to report an emergency.
 - ◀ Turn off or disconnect any appliances, electrical equipment, or electronics that were in use.
 - Leave one light on to indicate when power returns.
- ¶ If weather is cold:
 ¶ Ensure everyone is wearing several layers of warm, dry clothing.
 - Have everyone move to generate heat. (Lead the class in physical activity or movement games.)
 - Never use oven as source of heat.
 - Never burn charcoal for heating or cooking indoors.
 - Only use an available generator outdoors and far from open windows and vents.
- If weather is hot:
- ◀ Move to lower floors, if possible.
- Remove excess layers of clothing.
- ◆ Ensure everyone drinks plenty of water.



SEVERE STORM

- Be aware of any STORM WATCH: storm may affect area STORM WARNING: storm will soon be in or already is in area
- Determine if program should be closed.
- Notify parents/guardians to pick up or not drop off children if program is to be closed.
- Monitor radio for storm updates and emergency instructions.
- Use telephone for essential communication only.

SHELTER-IN-PLACE

- Gather everyone inside.
- ◀ Shut down ventilation system, fans, clothes dryer.
- ◆ Close doors and close and lock windows.
- Gather all children, staff, and visitors in room(s) with fewest doors and windows toward center of building.
- Bring attendance sheets, first aid kits, and emergency supplies.
- Account for all children, staff, and visitors.
- Close off non-essential rooms. Close as many interior doors as possible.
- Seal off windows, doors, and vents as much as possible.
- Monitor radio for information and emergency instructions.
- ◆ Phone out-of-area emergency contact.

TSUNAMI

If your program is located in a tsunami hazard area:

- ✓ Know: height of your street above sea level _____
 distance of your street from coast or other high-risk waters ____
 Evacuation orders may be based on these numbers.
- ◀ Have a plan for rapid EVACUATION out of hazard area.
- Practice your tsunami evacuation route with staff.
- Be aware of signs that a tsunami may be approaching:
 - Noticeable rapid rise or fall in coastal waters.
 - Strong earthquake lasting 20 seconds or more near the coast.

In case of strong earthquake lasting 20 seconds or more near the coast:

- ◆ Drop, cover, and hold.
- ♦ When shaking stops, gather children and staff and EVACUATE quickly to higher ground away from coast.
- If you learn that an area has experienced a large earthquake, even if you do not feel shaking, listen to local radio station or NOAA Weather Radio for information from the Tsunami Warning Centers.

TSUNAMI WARNING: Tsunami expected. Full evacuation suggested.

TSUNAMI WATCH: Danger level not yet known. Stay alert for more information and prepare to evacuate.

A tsunami is a <u>series of waves</u> that may continue for hours. Wait for official notification before returning to site.



VOLCANO

Monitor radio for information and emergency instructions.



EVACUATE if advised to do so by authorities.



Indoors:

◆ Close all windows and doors.

◆ Closely monitor anyone who has asthma or other respiratory difficulties – follow care plan.

◆ Ensure that infants and those with respiratory difficulties avoid contact with ash.

Outside: 4 Cover nose and mouth.

■ Wear goggles to protect eyes.

■ Avoid driving in heavy ashfall – driving will stir up ash and stall vehicles.

Clear roofs of ashfall. (Do not allow accumulation of more than 4 inches.)

Be aware that volcanoes are often accompanied by:

* Earthquakes * Ashfall & acid rain * Landslides & rockfalls

Mudflows & flash floods - Tsunamis

WINDSTORM

Indoors:

Move away from windows. Cover windows with shades or blinds, if available.

Consider moving to interior rooms/hall and lower floors.

Outside: