

Unit 1: Think Like a Scientist

Key Concept: Systems

Related Concept: Form, Function

Global Context: Scientific and Technical Innovation

NGSS:

- Crosscutting Concept: Patterns
- MS-ETS1: Engineering and Design

Statement of Inquiry: The Scientific Method allows us to investigate the form and function of patterns observed in natural systems.

Inquiry questions:

Factual: What are the steps of the Scientific Method?

Conceptual: How can we use the Scientific Methods to design experiments?

Debatable: Can the Scientific Method of inquiry be used to solve any problem?

Main Content:

- The scientific method
- Write a testable question and hypothesis
- Manipulated, responding, and controlled variables
- Observation vs Inference
- Writing Conclusions
- Lab Safety

Summative Assessment:

Criteria A (knowing and understanding)

- i. Outline scientific knowledge
- ii. Apply scientific knowledge and understanding to solve problems set in familiar situations and suggest solutions to problems set in unfamiliar situations
- iii. Interpret information to make scientifically supported judgements

Criteria B (inquiring and designing)

- i. Outline an appropriate problem or research question to be tested by a scientific investigation.
- ii. Outline a testable prediction using scientific reasoning
- iii. Outline how to manipulate the variables, and outline how data will be collected
- iv. Design scientific investigations

ATLs *(goal is how to be a successful student in science class)*

Category: Communication **Cluster:** Communication **Skill Indicator:** reading, writing, and using language to gather and communicate information

Category: Self-management **Cluster:** Reflection **Skill Indicator:** considering the process of learning

Category: Self-management **Cluster:** Organization **Skill Indicator:** managing time and tasks effectively