## Test, Form 3A

## Write the correct answer in the blank at the right of each question.

1. The triangle *N'L'M'* shown was reflected over the *x*-axis. Find the original coordinates of the triangle *NLM*.

М

x

x

**2.** In the figure at the right,  $\triangle X'Y'Z'$  is a dilation of  $\triangle XYZ$ . Find the scale factor of the dilation, and classify it as an enlargement or a reduction.

0

Y'

\_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_

2, 2. \_\_\_\_\_

For Exercises 3 and 4, triangle $PQR$ is rotated 90° clockwise about the origin. The vertices of the triangle are $P(3, 1)$ , $Q(1, 4)$ , and $R(2, -5)$ .	P′(1, −3), Q′(4, −1),
<b>3.</b> Find the coordinates of $P'$ , $Q'$ , and $R'$ .	3. <u></u> <i>R′</i> (−5, −2)
<b>4.</b> What is true about triangles <i>PQR</i> and <i>P'Q'R'</i> ?	They are the same shape 4. and size.
<b>5.</b> The point $M'(4, -5)$ is the result of a translation of 4 units left and 2 units up. Use translation notation to describe the translation.	$5, \frac{(x-4, y+2)}{5}$

## *N*(−2, −1), 1. <u>*L*(2, −3), *M*(4, 0)</u>

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## Test, Form 3A (continued)

- **6.** What are the coordinates of the image of A(2, 5) after it is rotated 180° clockwise about the origin?
- 7. A projector transforms the image on a computer screen so that it is dilated by a scale factor of  $\frac{7}{2}$ . If the original image on the screen is 10 inches wide, find the new width after it is projected on the wall.

For Exercises 8–10, refer to the graph of  $\triangle YZW$  at the right.

**8.** Graph and label the image of  $\triangle YZW$  after a translation 2 units right and 1 unit down.

**9.** Graph and label the image of  $\triangle YZW$  after a reflection over the y-axis.

**10.** Graph and label the image of  $\triangle YZW$  after a dilation by a scale factor of  $\frac{1}{2}$ .



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Z′(6.

W'(2,





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